process to strengthen and streamline the functioning of the Public Distribution System, the States and Union Territories have been advised, from time to time, to increase their commodity coverage, evolve effective coordination system among various agencies engaged in Public Distribution System, set up consumer advisory/vigilance committees at various levels, improved the viability of fair price shops, tighten enforcement and inspection arrangements, open more Fair Price Shops wherever necessary, introduce mobile shops for supply of essential commodities, etc.

(c) At present, seven essential commodities, namely, wheat, rice, levy sugar, imported edible oils, kerosene oil, soft coke and controlled cloth are supplied by the Central Government to the States and Union Territories for distribution through Public Distribution System.

Formula for allocation of Food-grains to States

1315. SHRI HARVENDRA SINGH HANSPAL: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have evolved any formula to allocate quota of foodgrains to each State;

(b) if so, whether it is a fact that several State Governments are not being given adequate foodgrains, resulting in high prices of foodgrains; and

(c) the details of the foodgrains distributed to each State during the last three years, year-wise for the Public Distribution System?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) and (b) The allocations of foodgrains to various States/UTs for Public Distribution System from the Central Pool are made on a month to month basis taking into account the overall availability of stocks in the Central Pool, relative needs of various States, market availability and other related factors. These allocations are, however, only supplemental in nature.

(c) A Statement showing allocation of foodgrains (Wheat and Rice) to various States/UTs during the last three years for Public Distribution System is attached. (*See* below)

Statement

Allocation of foodgrains (Wheat and Rice) to various states/UTs for public distribution system during the years 1986, 1987 *and* 1988

(In lakh tonnes)

States/UTs	1986	1987	1988
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1. Andhra Pradesh	14.92	14.17	9.98
2. Arunachal Pradesh	0.78	0.82	0.89
3. Assam	9.67	9.67	6.78
4. Bihar	11.64	13.51	10.34
5. Goa	0.82*	0.75*	0.70
6. Gujarat	8.10	11.10	12.60
7. Haryana	4.04	4.02	3.38

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
8. Himachal Pradesh	1.38	1.38	2.23
9. Jammu & Kashmir	3.72	4.55	4.52
10. Karnataka	8.95	9.75	8.15
11. Kerala	20.70	20.80	17.85
12. Madhya Pradesh	9.00	9.30	6.60
13. Maharashtra	14.00	18.00	17.95
14. Manipur	0.77	0.83	0.99
15. Meghalaya	1.27	1.33	1.39
16. Mizoram	0.92	0.92	0.96
17. Nagaland	1.12	1.36	1.29
18. Orissa	4.54	5.31	5.74
19. Punjab	2.00	1.73	1.03
20. Rajasthan	7.14	8.30	11.38
21. Sikkim	0.45	0.57	0.58
22. Tamil Nadu	10.60	9.60	10.85
23. Tripura	1.81	1.97	1.82
24. Uttar Pradesh	11.40	12.35	12.05
25. West Bengal	30.12	30.12	21.42
UNION TERRITORIES			
1. A & N Islands	0.20	0.20	0.23
2. Chandigarh	0.26	0.28	0.28
3. D& N Haveli	0.02	0.03	0.05
4. Delhi	8.84	9.00	9.00
5. Daman& Diu @	..	0.03	0.72
6. Lakshadweep	0.56	0.56	0.59
7. Pondicherry	0.28	0.27	0.33

* Includes Daman & Diu upto July, 1987

@ Allotment of foodgrains to Daman & Diu prior to August, 1987 has been included in the allocation of Goa State.